Curriculum Map: Key Stage 3

GEOGRAPHY



	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9
September	 What is Geography? Can you locate the continents and oceans? What makes a good geographer? What types of scale do geographers use? How do you carry out an investigation in geography? Key piece 1: Summer Holiday 	 Why is important to live sustainably? 1. What is sustainable development? 2. How can cities be green? 3. Why is a loss of biodiversity a potential disaster? 4. How should we generate energy? Key piece 1: Extended Writing: What are the advantages and disadvantages of renewable and non-renewable energy? 5. What is the most suitable form of renewable energy for different 	 What are living standards like in different countries around the world? 1. What is global development and how is it measured? 2. How can development indicators help us compare countries? 3. What was the Brandt line and how did it map development around the world? Key piece 1: Writing: Comparing the development of India, United Kingdom and Malawi
Й	6. Can you use an atlas?7. How do geographers use	villages?	4. How does employment link to development?5. Why is trade unfair?
October	latitude and longitude? 8. What are the major features of the United Kingdom's geography? Fantastic Places 1. What are the wonders of the world? 2. Is China overpopulated? 3. Is there inequality in India? 4. How did the Himalayas form? 5. Why is the Great Barrier Reef under threat?	 6. What are the causes of climate change? 7. What are the impacts of climate change? 8. How can we reduce the risk of climate change? Studying a Newly Emerging Economy – Brazil 1. Where is Brazil? 2. How diverse are Brazil's physical features? 	 6. Is Kenya a HIC or LIC? 7. What is poverty? 8. How do diseases affect a country's development? 9. What is aid? The study of plate tectonics 1. What causes earthquakes and volcanoes? 2. Why was the Mount Pele eruption so deadly?
November	 6. Why is Hawaii volcanic? 7. What are the challenges in the Brazilian favelas? 8. How did Victoria Falls form? Working at 1: WA1: Fundamentals of Geography 18th-29th November 	 3. What is life like in Brazil? 4. How is Brazil's population distributed? Key piece 2: choropleth maps: Describe and explain the population distribution of Brazil 5. How does Rio de Janeiro differ from Minas Gerais? 6. Why do people live in favelas? Working at 1: WA1: Climate change 	 What happens when two tectonic plates meet? How do hazards vary at different plate margins? What are the different types of volcanoes? Key piece 2: Tectonic processes at a destructive plate margin Working at 1:
December	 Key piece 2: Extended Writing: Explain the formation of a waterfall 9. Who built Stonehenge? 10. Is Russia a superpower? 11. Why is the Middle East an important region of the world? 	 examination 18th -29th November 7. How did sport bring conflict and opportunity to Rio de Janeiro? 8. What is it like to live in the rainforest? 9. Why is the leader of the Kayapo tribe crying? 	 6. Why was Eyjafjallajökull a memorable eruption? 7. Could the Chinese earthquake of 2008 be prevented? 8. What is a tsunami? Key piece 3: Brazil knowledge Assessment

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Year 8 Year 7 Year 9 Polar regions and climate What are Settlements? How do rivers shape our change 1. Why are settlements important landscape? 1. What is the difference between January 1. How does water travel around the the Arctic and the Antarctic? places? 2. How do we describe patterns of world? 2. Who was Captain Scott? 2. What is a drainage basin? rural settlements? 3. Who owns Antarctica? 3. How and why do settlements 3. How do rivers wear away the grow? landscape? 4. Why are the ecosystems unique 4. Why are waterfalls formed? in the polar regions? 4. Can we classify settlements by 5. How do the polar regions change their size and importance? 5. What landforms are found in the 5. How are urban areas similar in middle course? throughout the course of the terms of land use? 6. How are floodplains and levees year? 6. What are the challenges and made? 6. What is the evidence for ice ages? opportunities of settlement 7. What can we learn from a flood 7. How do glaciers shape the February landscape? growth? hydrograph? 7. What are the pressures at the 8. What happened in Boscastle in 8. Why do tourists visit Antarctica? rural-urban fringe? 9. What does the future hold for the 2004? **Key piece 3: Settlement Key piece 4: Rivers** polar regions? **Key piece 3: Polar Regions** exam: Includes 10-mark Do you agree flooding is caused by human factors? **Assessment** question on case study of settlement growth. What do we find at the Why are maps important Is there a global population coast? in geography? crisis? 1. How has population changed over 1. What are the two types of 1. What makes a good map? waves? 2. What are the OS map symbols? time? 2. What are the main coastal 3. How do we use grid references? 2. Should we be concerned about processes? 4. How do we measure distance population growth? 3. How does erosion create sea 3. How do population pyramids vary on a map? stacks? 5. How is direction shown on a depending on a country's level of 4. What is a spit? development? map? 5. How can we protect properties at Working at 2: 4. How useful is the Demographic the coast? Transition Model? **WA2: Examination** Working at 2: 5. What is rural to urban migration? 16th -27th March **WA2: Examination** Working at 2: 16th -27th March **WA2: Examination** 16th -27th March 6. Why is Holderness the fastest 6. How is height shown on a map? 6. What were the impacts of China's eroding coastline in Europe? 7. How can we navigate an one child policy? **Key piece 4: The coastal** orienteering course? 7. What happened to the inhabitants **Key piece 4: Cartographic** of Easter Island? management in Holderness Key piece 5: Was China's one has been successful. Do you child policy a success or failure? Local area map skills exam agree? Why is tourism an important **The Geography of Crime** What is weather and industry? 1. What are the links between crime climate? and geography? 1. Is tourism a force for good or bad? 1. What is weather and climate? 2. How can GIS help solve crimes? 2. What are the impacts of tourism in 2. How do we measure the 3. What are the impacts of crime on **National Parks?** weather? the victim, offender, and the wider public?

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Мау	 What is low pressure weather? What is high pressure weather How can extreme weather cause natural disasters? Key piece 5: What can we learn about Typhoon Haiyan? Why do different climates create different ecosystems? What are the Earth's major biomes? Why are rocks and soil important? 	 3. How does Kenya benefit from international tourism? 4. What is eco-tourism? Does money make the world go round? 1. What is globalisation? 2. What are the four types of economic activity? 3. What is the informal economy? 	 4. What is the geography of the international drugs trade? Key piece 5: Explain: Explain the links between Abdul and Giles 1. What are blood diamonds? 2. What are environmental crimes? Asian Study - Japan 1. What makes Japan special? 2. What is Japan's physical geography?
June	 3. How is energy transferred throughout an ecosystem? 4. Why are the tropical rainforests important ecosystems? Working at 3 examinations 21st June – 2 weeks 	 4. What are food miles? 5. Why did Dilip change his name to David? Working at 3 examinations 21st June – 2 weeks 	 3. What makes Japanese culture so unique? 4. Why is population declining in Japan? Working at 3 examinations 21st June – 2 weeks
July	 5. How does life adapt to the desert climate? 6. Why is biodiversity under threat? Key piece 6: Explain how species have adapted to hostile environments. 	6. Do TNCs bring positives or negatives to a country?Key piece 6:Globalisation assessment	 5. What happened in the Japan Tsunami? 6. Is Japan the most technologically advanced country in the world? Key piece 6: Describe the effects of the Japanese Tsunami.